

Supporting Function through Adaptive Fitness and Sport

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- Undergrad: Iowa State
 - Exercise Science
 - Psychology
- ▶ Medical School: University of Iowa
- PM&R Residency: University of Pittsburgh Medical Center
- Pediatric Rehabilitation Fellowship: Children's Mercy Hospital







Objectives

- Review common medical considerations of physical activity in those with congenital and acquired disability
- Review the benefits of physical activity and sport for individuals with disability

No financial disclosures



Disability ≠ Inability

- Running
- Cycling
- Golf
- Wheelchair
 - Basketball
 - Rugby
 - Power Soccer
 - Softball
 - Dance
 - Fencing
 - Curling

- Volleyball
- Water Sports
- Sled Hockey
- Alpine Skiing/Snowboarding
- ▶ Throwing sports
 - Discuss, Javelin, Shot put, Boccia
- Shooting Sports
 - Archery, air rifle, trapshooting
- Weightlifting
- Combat Sports
 - Judo, boxing, wrestling, MMA
- Extreme Sports
- Rock Climbing









Pre-Participation Physical

- Completed six weeks prior to competition
- History should include:
 - Pre-disability function
 - Present level of training
 - > Current medications and supplements used
 - Presence of impairments
 - Level of functional independence for mobility and self-care Muscle strength
 - History of prior sports participation history of injuries
 - Need for adaptive equipment

- Special Attention:
 - Sensory deficits
 - > Temperature intolerance
 - > Neurologic impairment
 - > Joint stability/Range of motion

 - Skin integrity
 - > Athlete-equipment interface



Autonomic Dysreflexia

- ▶ Unregulated sympathetic outflow due to spinal cord injury at or above T6
- Triggered by noxious stimuli (pain) below the level of injury
- Symptoms: headache, skin flushing, goosebumps, and diaphoresis
- Requires immediate attention:
 - ▶ Sit upright, have restrictive clothing removed, search for the source of noxious stimuli
- "Boosting": Utilizing autonomic dysreflexia as a performance aid (massive adrenaline release)
 - ▶ Banned and screenings at competitions



Temperature Regulation

- Risk of both hypothermia and hyperthermia
- Loss of motor/sensory function + lack of control of autonomic function
 - ▶ Inability to sweat or shiver below the level of injury
- Degree of impairment is directly related to the level of SCI



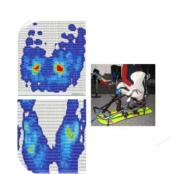


Skin

- ▶ Prolonged pressure over bony prominences combined with shearing forces from activity on moist/insensate skin can cause local tissue ischemia and injury
- ▶ Current pressure injury is a contraindication to sport participation
- ▶ Prevention: appropriate fit, frequent skin checks, weight relief every 15 minutes, appropriately fitting seat cushions, and maintenance of a dry environment







Cardiovascular

- Congenital heart defects
 - Up to 50% of those with a birth/genetic difference have a difference in heart structure/function
 - > Cardiac stress test and echo should be considered
- Lower blood pressure
 - When changing positions (orthostatic hypotension)
 - > Blood vessels aren't as tight below level of injury (Regularly seen in SCI)
 - Prevention includes: lower limb compression stockings, abdominal binders, staying hydrated, and increasing salt intake



Motor Control Impairment

- Spasticity, dystonia, ataxia, athetosis
 - > Some spasticity can be helpful
- Impaired coordination of muscles
- ▶ Specific patterns of muscle imbalance can predispose to:
 - Injury
 - Overuse syndrome
 - Muscle strains





Nerve Compression

- ▶ Median mononeuropathy at the wrist (Carpal Tunnel)
 - > Greater than 50% prevalence in WC athletes
 - > Due to increased pressure on the wrist bones
 - Looser grip may help
- Ulnar mononeuropathy at the wrist (Guyon's canal)
 - > Weight lifting, racquet sports, WC propulsion
 - Counter force braces, proper technique and appropriately tensioned rackets





Limb Deficiency

- Complex biomechanical analysis
- ▶ Common skin issues
- Attention to proper socket fitting, use of silicone liners, padded sleeves, socks, and appropriately placed padding
- ▶ Neuroma/Pain in the residual limb
 - > Pressure relief, pain medicines, corticosteroid injection, or surgical excision
- ► Abnormal bone growth:
 - Heterotopic ossification
 - Terminal overgrowth
- Increased impact from compensation for imbalances
 - > UE amputee: secondary neck and upper back spine injuries
- LE amputee: secondary low back pain, intact limb overuse injuries Children's Mercy





Musculoskeletal

- ▶ Pediatric: immature skeletal system, growth
- ▶ Altered forces at the hip can cause malformation
 - > Acetabular dysplasia, hip subluxation/dislocation
- ► Neck (Atlantoaxial) instability
 - > Roughly 15% in Down Syndrome
 - > Greatest risk is between 5 and 10 years of age
- ▶ High prevalence of foot deformities
- Joint laxity: Predisposes to subluxation/dislocation, muscle, tendon, and ligament injury



Nutrition

- ▶ Altered nutrition requirements
 - Overweight/Underweight
- ▶ Relative energy availability
 - > Effects on hormone regulation (reproductive hormones, glucose metabolism, etc)
- ▶ High prevalence of decreased bone density
 - > Requires screening before participation in contact sports



Athlete/Technology Interface

- Transtibial/transfemoral running prostheses
- Adaptive cycling prostheses
- Adaptive golfing prosthesis
- Standing/seated alpine or crosscountry skiing equipment
- Snowboarding prostheses
- Swimming prostheses
- Kayaking terminal devices
- Terminal rock pick and suspension systems for rock climbing





Biomechanics of Injury

- Lack entirety of kinetic chain
 - Greater force on tissues
 - > Bat, club, and racket sports



- Wheelchair: shoulder becomes the weight bearing joint of the body
 - > Tendency to internally rotate due to pull of pectoralis
 - > Abnormal position and movement of shoulder blade
 - > 300% increase in vertical force into the shoulder
 - Akbar 2015: Overhead sports are additive risk

- Posture:
 - Posterior pelvic tilt, increased forward bend of the spine (kyphosis), protracted neck
 - 59% of shoulder pain is referred from neck





Implications of Injury



- Musculoskeletal injuries may have a greater functional consequence in the lives of athletes with disabilities compared with the general athletic population (Blauwet 2012)
- Complete vs relative rest
 - Propulsion and transfers may recruit ~50% of maximal strength (Serra-Ano 2012)
- Must consider the impact of injury on participation as well as activities of daily living
 - > Special accommodations, equipment, and assistance are needed
- No consensus on rehabilitation protocol in this population



Injury Rates

- SCI athletes had a significantly higher prevalence of fractures compared with other athletes (Patatoukas 2011)
- 52% of injuries resulted in 7 days lost or less, 29% in 8 to 21 days lost and 19% in greater than 22 days lost (Webborn 2006)
- Injury rate of 9.3 injuries per 1000 elite athlete-exposures (AE)
 - American football 10.1 to 15/1000 AE
 - Soccer 9.8/1000 AE
 - Basketball 7.0/1000 AE (Ferrara

Fagher 2014:

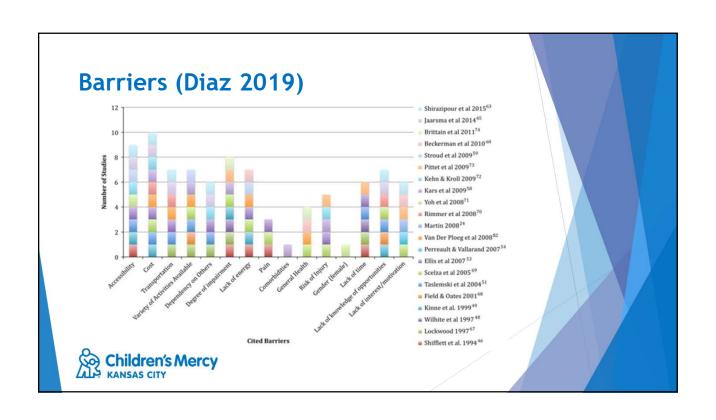
- Summer Paralympics Games 2012 -17.8 injuries/100 athletes (Willick
- Summer Olympic Games 2012 12.9 injuries/100 athletes (Engebretsen 2013)
- In elite adaptive athletes training/overuse injuries account for >50% of injuries
- Common acute injuries: Sprains (32%), fractures (21%), and strains and lacerations (14%)
- Highest risk sports are cycling, basketball, rugby

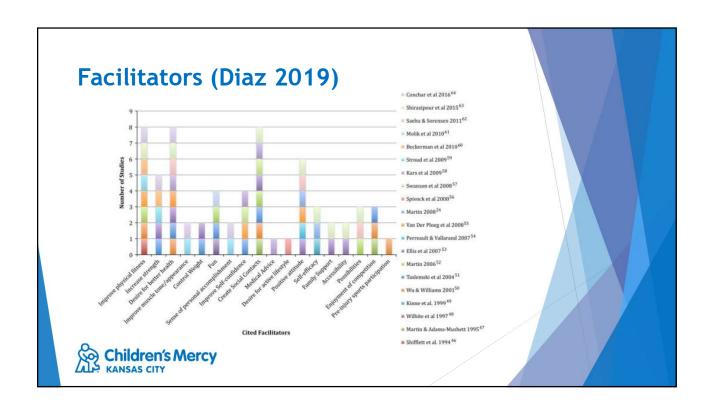


Population in Need

- ▶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 2010:
 - > 8.9% of children with disability ages 6-19 with meet basic guidelines for physical activity
 - > 31% of children (ages 4-11) with disability were reported to be sad, unhappy, or depressed
 - > Largely excluded from athletics in public schools (US Government Accountability Office 2010)
 - > 51% 54% with disabilities participated in ZERO leisure time PA (compared to 32% 38%)
 - Disproportionate rates of chronic diseases: obesity, diabetes, and cardiovascular disease (Osorio 2017)
- Children and adults with cerebral palsy:
 - > 76-99% of their waking hours being sedentary (Verschuren 2017)
 - > 13% to 53% less habitual physical activity than their peers (Carlon 2013)
- Employment Rates:
 - > 28.7% with a physical disability, 18.3% in wheelchair users
 - > 72.8% in overall population









CMH Adaptive Sports Medicine Clinic

www.childrensmercy.org/adaptivesports

- Pre-school age through young adulthood
- Disability specific pre-participation physicals
- Acute and chronic management of musculoskeletal pathology:
 - > Medicinal prescription/management
 - > Physical therapy prescriptions
 - > Physical activity and home exercise instruction
 - > Training and performance enhancement programs
 - Ultrasound guided musculoskeletal and botulinum toxin injections
 - Acupuncture
- ▶ Adaptive equipment and assistive device evaluation and prescription
- ▶ Longitudinal management of Rehab issues in the adaptive athlete
- Utilization and incorporation of 3D motion analysis



COVID: All Clear ≠ All Clear

- ► Return-to-Play considerations:
 - > What state and local authorities will allow
 - > What public health agencies recommend
 - Liabilities
 - > What participants/parents are willing to accept
- ▶ Stay at home: Virtual opportunities
 - #adaptathome
- Small groups: social distancing, no sharing of equipment, screen training partners
- Larger groups: some contact ok with added attention to hygiene, separation of groups
- Vaccine/Cure developed:
 - No restrictions, continue general infection control

- Promote behaviors that reduce spread:
 - Staying home when sick
 - Healthy hygiene
 - Face coverings (not recommended/feasible during play)
 - Adequate supplies
 - > Posting signs and messaging
- ► Healthy Environment/Operations:
 - Sanitation, social distancing, limiting contact, modifying communal spaces
 - Added precautions for higher risk populations virtual coaching, drills, activities
 - System in place to manage/communicate regarding potential COVID exposures





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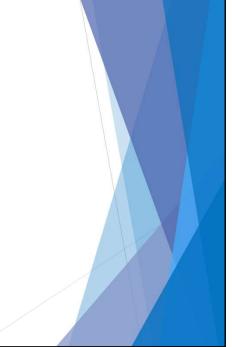
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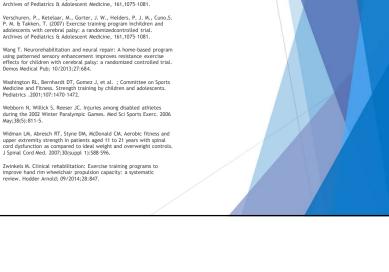
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